GANNAWARRA SHIRE Oral health profile

This profile is designed to provide local government with population oral health data and risk factor indicators to undertake comprehensive public health and wellbeing planning.

57.4%

47.7%

56.7%

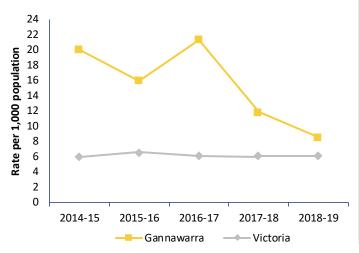
52.4%

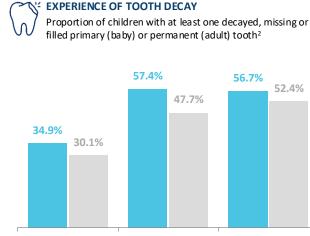
12 years old



POTENTIALLY PREVENTABLE DENTAL HOSPITALISATIONS

Potentially preventable hospitalisations due to dental conditions for children aged 0-9 years 2014-15 to 2018-191

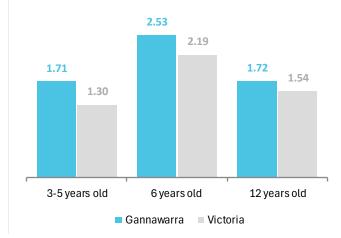




3-5 years old

SEVERITY OF TOOTH DECAY

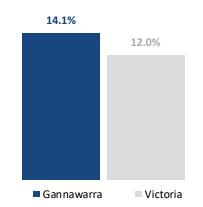
Average number of decayed, missing or filled primary (baby) or permanent (adult) teeth²



SMOKING STATUS

Smoking increases the risk of severe gum disease and oral cancer.

Proportion of daily smokers3





FOOD INSECURITY

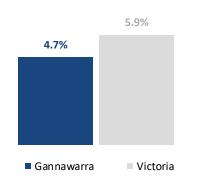
Food insecurity is associated with poorer oral health.

6 years old

Gan na warra

Victoria

Proportion of people who ran out of money to buy food in the last 12 months3





WATER FLUORIDATION

Drinking fluoridated water reduces tooth decay.



THE FOLLOWING TOWN IN

GANNAWARRA

WITH POPULATION > 1,000 IS NOT OPTIMALLY FLUORIDATED:

KOONDROOK⁴





^{1. 2020.} Victorian Health Information Surveillance System, Victorian Department of Health and Human Services. (Updated data will be available in 2025)

^{2. 2024.} Dental Health Services Victoria public dental dataset (combined data 2019/20 - 2022/23)

^{3. 2022.} Victorian Population Oral Health Survey. Victorian Agency for Health Information, Victorian Department of Health.

^{4. 2024.} Is my water fluoridated?, Victorian Department of Health.