City of Bayside
Oral health profile

This profile is designed to provide local governments with population oral health data to undertake comprehensive public health and wellbeing planning. It shows how the oral health indicators for this LGA compare to the Victorian average.

1. Proportion of children presenting with at least one decayed, missing or filled primary (baby) or permanent (adult) tooth, attending public dental services (dmft+DMFT>0)\(^2\), 2014-16

2. Average number of decayed, missing or filled primary (baby) and permanent (adult) teeth (dmft+DMFT)\(^2\) for children attending public dental services, 2014-16

3. Potentially preventable hospitalisations due to dental conditions for children aged 0-4 years, 2009-10 to 2013-14\(^2\)

4. Proportion of adults presenting with at least one decayed, missing or filled primary (baby) or permanent (adult) tooth attending public dental services (dmft+DMFT>0)\(^2\), 2014-16

5. Average number of decayed, missing or filled permanent (adult) teeth (DMFT)\(^2\) for adults attending public dental services, 2014-16

6. Self-rated dental health (adults)\(^4\), 2011-12

7. Last visit to a dental professional (adults)\(^5\), 2011-12
### About the oral health status data (dmft/DMFT and decay experience)

The data comes from clients who accessed public dental services in 2014-15. Oral health status data is collected for most people presenting for public dental care at the initial examination before any treatment is undertaken by Dental Health Services Victoria. Care should be taken when interpreting the data due to differences in sample sizes. Furthermore, the data is only collected for people accessing public dental health services (predominantly concession card holders) and does not represent the overall general population.

### About the Victorian Population Health Survey data

The data comes from the Victorian Population Health Survey (VPHS) 2011-12 and 2014 that collects quality information at State, regional and local government area levels about health, lifestyle and wellbeing of Victorian adults. The significance of differences should be determined by comparing the 95% confidence intervals of the estimates that are available in the full report. The full report can be accessed at [Victorian Population Health Survey](https://www.health.vic.gov.au/vphs).