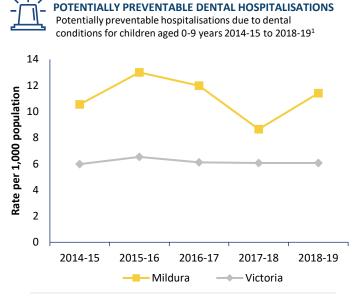
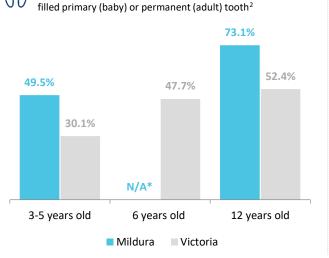
RURAL CITY OF MILDURA Oral health profile

This profile is designed to provide local government with population oral health data and risk factor indicators to undertake comprehensive public health and wellbeing planning.

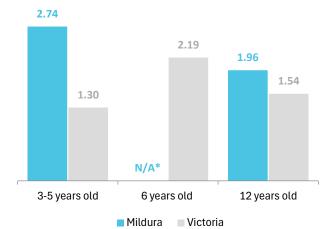


EXPERIENCE OF TOOTH DECAY Proportion of children with at least one decayed, missing or



SEVERITY OF TOOTH DECAY

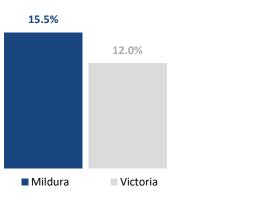
Average number of decayed, missing or filled primary (baby) or permanent (adult) teeth²



SMOKING STATUS

Smoking increases the risk of severe gum disease and oral cancer.

Proportion of daily smokers³

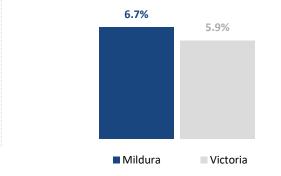


FOOD INSECURITY

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Food insecurity is associated with poorer oral health.

Proportion of people who ran out of money to buy food in the last 12 months $^{\!\!3}$



WATER FLUORIDATION

Drinking fluoridated water reduces tooth decay.



THE FOLLOWING TOWN IN MILDURA WITH POPULATION > 1,000 IS NOT OPTIMALLY FLUORIDATED: OUYEN⁴

*N/A due to limited sample size

1. 2020. Victorian Health Information Surveillance System, Victorian Department of Health and Human Services. (Updated data will be available in 2025)

2. 2024. Dental Health Services Victoria public dental dataset (combined data 2019/20 - 2022/23).

3. 2022. Victorian Population Oral Health Survey. Victorian Agency for Health Information, Victorian Department of Health.



